

Supplementary Files

Table S1. Utilized proxy codes ^a

Description	ICD-10-CM codes
<i>Study population</i>	
Eosinophilic esophagitis	ICD-10-CM K20.0
<i>Outcome events</i>	
Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease	ICD-10-CM: K75.81, K76.0
Liver cirrhosis or fibrosis	ICD-10-CM: K74
<i>Covariates and other definitions</i>	
Essential hypertension	ICD-10-CM: I10
Hyperlipidemia	ICD-10-CM: E78.5
Diabetes mellitus	ICD-10-CM: E08-E15
Major depressive disorder	ICD-10-CM: F33
Chronic ischemic heart disease	ICD-10-CM: I25
Chronic kidney disease	ICD-10-CM: N18
Persons with potential health hazards related to socioeconomic and psychosocial circumstances	ICD-10-CM: Z55-Z65
Mental and behavioral disorders due to psychoactive substance use	ICD-10-CM: F10-F19
Encounter for general examination	ICD-10-CM: Z00
<i>Comedications</i>	
Corticosteroids for systemic use	ATC code: H02
HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors	ATC code: C10AA

Glucagon-like peptide-1 analogues	ATC code: A10BJ
-----------------------------------	-----------------

^aICD-10-CM: International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification; ATC code: Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical Classification System code

Table S2. Description of all applied sensitivity analysis models in Figure 1

Models	Description
Applying various proxy-based eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) definition	
Algorithm 1	Only patients with the record of ICD-10-CM codes of K20.0 (eosinophilic esophagitis) with prescription record of proton pump inhibitors (ATC code: A02BC) were included as EoE group in this model.
Algorithm 2	Only patients with the record of ICD-10-CM codes of K20.0 (eosinophilic esophagitis) with prescription record of corticosteroids (ATC code: R01AD) were included as EoE group in this model.
Algorithm 3	Only patients with the record of ICD-10-CM codes of K20.0 (eosinophilic esophagitis) with greater than 2 instances of esophagogastroduodenoscopy procedures (CPT code: 1021431) were included as EoE group in this model.
Applying different wash-out period after index date	
12 months/24 months after index date	Any outcome events occurring during the designated washout period were excluded from subsequent analyses. For all subgroup analyses, the follow-up duration was standardized to 15 years.
5 years /10 years /15 years after index date	Only outcome events occurring within the defined follow-up period were included in the analysis. In all subgroup analyses, a washout period of 3 months was applied.
Applying different matching covariates	
Crude model	The hazard ratio was estimated using the population prior to the application of propensity score matching.
Matching model 1	Matching covariates include age at index and sex

Matching model 2	Matching covariates include age at index, sex, socioeconomic status and medical utilization status
------------------	--