

Supplementary materials

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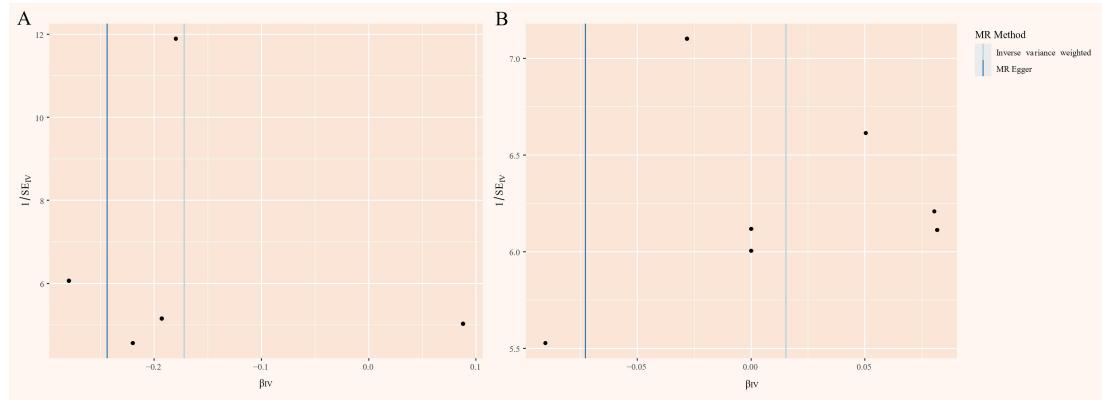
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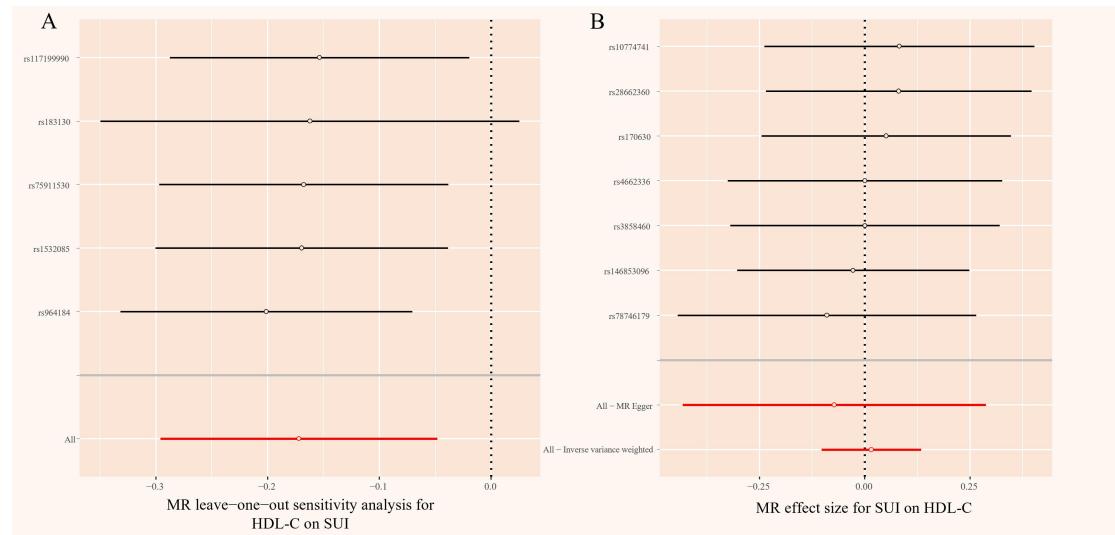
Supplementary figures

Figure S1. (A) Funnel plot of the causal relationship between HDL-C and SUI; (B) Funnel plot of the reverse causal relationship between HDL-C and SUI.



HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; MR: mendelian randomization; β_{IV} : effect size of instrumental variables; SE_{IV} : the standard error of the instrumental variable effect size.

Figure S2. (A) Mendelian randomization leave-one-out sensitivity analysis graph for HDL-C on SUI; (B)Mendelian randomization leave-one-out sensitivity analysis graph for SUI on HDL-C.



HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; MR: mendelian randomization.

Supplementary tables

Table S1. Weighted characteristics of study participants.

Variable	Overall (n=85864847)	No-SUI (n=49046999)	SUI (n=36817847)	P -valu e
Age, n(%)				
< 40 years	30029943.66 (34.97)	21439900.15 (43.71)	8590043.51 (23.33)	<0.00 1
40-59 years	33061348.16 (38.50)	16193410.06 (33.02)	16867938.09 (45.81)	
≥ 60 years	22773554.69 (26.52)	11413689.01 (23.27)	11359865.69 (30.85)	
Race, n(%)				
Non-Hispanic White	60490922.86 (70.45)	32905510.43 (67.09)	27585412.43 (74.92)	<0.00 1
Mexican American	6087963.35 (7.09)	3384700.01 (6.90)	2703263.34 (7.34)	
Other Hispanic	4433546.37 (5.16)	2745731.52 (5.60)	1687814.85 (4.58)	
Non-Hispanic Black	9306466.90 (10.84)	6560314.69 (13.38)	2746152.21 (7.46)	
Other Race	5545947.02 (6.46)	3450742.58 (7.04)	2095204.45 (5.69)	
Education, n(%)				
Less than high school	11993150.06 (13.97)	6476870.81 (13.21)	5516279.25 (14.98)	0.002
High school	19544741.80 (22.76)	10942013.31 (22.31)	8602728.49 (23.37)	
Greater than high school	54326954.65 (63.27)	31628115.10 (64.49)	22698839.55 (61.65)	
Marital status, n(%)				
Married/living with partner	52019824.35 (60.58)	27994335.71 (57.08)	24025488.64 (65.26)	<0.00 1
Living alone	33845022.16 (39.42)	21052663.52 (42.92)	12792358.65 (34.74)	
PIR, n(%)				
≥ 2	55867031.50 (65.06)	31468745.90 (64.16)	24398285.60 (66.27)	0.007
< 2	29997815.01 (34.94)	17578253.33 (35.84)	12419561.68 (33.73)	
BMI, n(%)				
< 25 kg/m ²	29607094.38 (34.48)	19756313.04 (40.28)	9850781.34 (26.76)	<0.00 1

	24083737.67	13519857.13	10563880.55	
25-30 kg/m ²	(28.05)	(27.57)	(28.69)	
≥ 30 kg/m ²	32174014.46 (37.47)	15770829.06 (32.15)	16403185.40 (44.55)	
Hypertension, n(%)				
No	59175144.13 (68.92)	36241299.04 (73.89)	22933845.09 (62.29)	<0.00 1
Yes	26689702.38 (31.08)	12805700.18 (26.11)	13884002.20 (37.71)	
Diabetes, n(%)				
No	78438450.88 (91.35)	45747500.99 (93.27)	32690949.89 (88.79)	<0.00 1
Yes	7426395.63 (8.65)	3299498.24 (6.73)	4126897.39 (11.21)	
Vigorous recreational activities, n(%)				
No	63861450.98 (74.37)	35017078.56 (71.39)	28844372.42 (78.34)	<0.00 1
Yes	22003395.53 (25.63)	14029920.67 (28.61)	7973474.86 (21.66)	
Smoke, n(%)				
No	51462252.33 (59.93)	30633871.27 (62.46)	20828381.06 (56.57)	<0.00 1
Former	18395428.49 (21.42)	9547989.78 (19.47)	8847438.71 (24.03)	
Current	16007165.70 (18.64)	8865138.18 (18.07)	7142027.52 (19.40)	
Alcohol, n(%)				
No	23733522.40 (27.64)	13801482.91 (28.14)	9932039.49 (26.98)	0.136
Yes	62131324.11 (72.36)	35245516.32 (71.86)	26885807.80 (73.02)	
CHD, n(%)				
No	83906652.14 (97.72)	48197935.03 (98.27)	35708717.11 (96.99)	<0.00 1
Yes	1958194.37 (2.28)	849064.20 (1.73)	1109130.18 (3.01)	
Stroke, n(%)				
No	83283795.23 (96.99)	47961817.90 (97.79)	35321977.33 (95.94)	<0.00 1
Yes	2581051.28 (3.01)	1085181.33 (2.21)	1495869.96 (4.06)	
Cancer/malignancy, n(%)				
No	76378459.77	44456076.59	31922383.18	<0.00

	(88.95)	(90.64)	(86.70)	1
Yes	9486386.74 (11.05)	4590922.63 (9.36)	4895464.10 (13.30)	
FBG (mean (SD)), mg/dL	102.825 (28.117)	100.640 (26.117)	105.678 (30.300)	<0.00 1
INS (mean (SD)), uU/mL	12.141 (14.816)	11.413 (14.406)	13.096 (15.285)	<0.00 1
ALB (mean (SD)), g/dL	4.172 (0.313)	4.191 (0.312)	4.148 (0.313)	<0.00 1
ALT (mean (SD)), U/L	21.024 (20.972)	20.435 (24.932)	21.808 (14.021)	<0.00 1
AST (mean (SD)), U/L	22.992 (12.833)	22.691 (12.833)	23.394 (12.822)	0.006
BUN (mean (SD)), mg/dL	12.872 (5.350)	12.491 (5.243)	13.380 (5.449)	<0.00 1
SCr (mean (SD)), mg/dL	0.787 (0.301)	0.784 (0.344)	0.792 (0.232)	0.087
TBil (mean (SD)), mg/dL	0.593 (0.273)	0.602 (0.271)	0.582 (0.276)	<0.00 1
TG (mean (SD)), mg/dL	116.529 (93.194)	108.377 (90.360)	127.231 (95.752)	<0.00 1
Total Cholesterol (mean (SD)), mg/dL	197.341 (40.657)	194.611 (40.286)	200.977 (40.867)	<0.00 1
LDL-C (mean (SD)), mg/dL	114.236 (35.099)	112.204 (34.995)	116.906 (35.062)	<0.00 1
HDL-C (mean (SD)), mg/dL	58.786 (16.788)	59.759 (16.670)	57.491 (16.859)	<0.00 1
HDL-C quartiles, n(%)				
Q1	20682406.48 (24.09)	10657796.56 (21.73)	10024609.92 (27.23)	<0.00 1
Q2	21780386.28 (25.37)	11981091.90 (24.43)	9799294.38 (26.62)	
Q3	21423453.59 (24.95)	12728673.50 (25.95)	8694780.09 (23.62)	
Q4	21978600.17 (25.60)	13679437.26 (27.89)	8299162.90 (22.54)	

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; PIR: poverty-income ratio; BMI: body mass index; CHD: coronary heart disease; FBG: fasting blood glucose; INS: insulin; ALB: albumin; ALT: alanine aminotransferase; AST: aspartate aminotransferase; BUN: blood urea nitrogen; SCr: serum creatinine; TBil: total bilirubin; LDL-C: low density lipoprotein cholesterol; SD: standard deviation.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S2. Associations between TC, LDL-C, and the risk of SUI.

Variables	Model 1		Model 2		Model 3	
	OR (95% CI)	P-value	OR (95% CI)	P-value	OR (95% CI)	P-value
TC	1.004 (1.003 - 1.005)	< 0.001	1.001 (1.000 - 1.002)	0.199	1.001 (1.000 - 1.002)	0.140
LDL-C	1.004 (1.002 - 1.006)	< 0.001	1.001 (0.999 - 1.003)	0.190	1.002 (0.998 - 1.006)	0.271

TC: total cholesterol; LDL-C: low density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

Model 1 was an unadjusted crude model.

Model 2 adjusted for age, race, marital status, PIR, and education.

Model 3 adjusted for age, race, marital status, PIR, education, BMI, hypertension, diabetes, alcohol use, smoke, vigorous recreational activities, coronary heart disease, stroke, cancer/malignancy, ALT, AST, ALB, SCr, BUN, and TBil.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S3. Subgroup analysis of HDL-C categories and SUI.

Subgroup	OR (95% CI)	P-value
HDL-C ≥ 67mg/dL		Ref
Age, n(%)		
< 40 years	1.337 (1.095 - 1.634)	0.005
40-59 years	1.254 (1.048 - 1.500)	0.014
≥ 60 years	1.128 (0.947 - 1.343)	0.175
Race, n(%)		
Non-Hispanic White	1.226 (1.074 - 1.399)	0.003
Mexican American	1.529 (1.186 - 1.971)	0.001
Other Hispanic	1.024 (0.731 - 1.436)	0.888
Non-Hispanic Black	1.030 (0.841 - 1.261)	0.771
Other Race	1.327 (0.956 - 1.842)	0.090
Education, n(%)		
Less than high school	1.055 (0.852 - 1.306)	0.623
High school	1.288 (1.016 - 1.632)	0.037
Greater than high school	1.224 (1.079 - 1.388)	0.002
Marital status, n(%)		
Married/living with partner	1.224 (1.057 - 1.418)	0.007
Living alone	1.200 (1.033 - 1.394)	0.018
PIR, n(%)		
≥ 2	1.220 (1.067 - 1.395)	0.004
< 2	1.219 (1.025 - 1.450)	0.025
BMI, n(%)		
< 25 kg/m ²	0.985 (0.831 - 1.168)	0.863
25-30 kg/m ²	1.367 (1.151 - 1.623)	0.001
≥ 30 kg/m ²	1.486 (1.247 - 1.770)	0.000
Hypertension, n(%)		
Yes	1.169 (0.983 - 1.389)	0.076
No	1.238 (1.096 - 1.399)	0.001
Diabetes, n(%)		
Yes	1.478 (1.029 - 2.124)	0.035
No	1.196 (1.073 - 1.331)	0.001
Smoke, n(%)		
No	1.231 (1.096 - 1.383)	0.001
Former	1.135 (0.911 - 1.414)	0.255
Current	1.299 (1.011 - 1.671)	0.041
Alcohol, n(%)		
Yes	1.198 (1.061 - 1.352)	0.004
No	1.226 (1.020 - 1.474)	0.031
Vigorous recreational activities, n(%)		
Yes	1.178 (0.974 - 1.425)	0.090
No	1.224 (1.088 - 1.377)	0.001
Coronary heart disease, n(%)		

Yes	0.595 (0.277 - 1.275)	0.177
No	1.224 (1.103 - 1.358)	0.000
Stroke, n(%)		
Yes	0.760 (0.448 - 1.287)	0.303
No	1.229 (1.105 - 1.368)	0.000
Cancer/malignancy, n(%)		
Yes	1.114 (0.843 - 1.472)	0.444
No	1.216 (1.087 - 1.361)	0.001

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; PIR: poverty-income ratio; BMI: body mass index; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S4. Subgroup analysis of HDL-C quartiles and SUI.

Subgroup	Q 1	Q2		Q3		Q4	
		OR (95% CI)	P-v alu e	OR (95% CI)	P-v alu e	OR (95% CI)	P-v alu e
Age, n(%)							
< 40 years	-	0.927 (0.760 - 1.131)	0.4 52	0.805 (0.655 - 0.990)	0.0 40	0.634 (0.499 - 0.805)	< 0.0 01
40-59 years	-	0.949 (0.780 - 1.155)	0.5 99	0.849 (0.711 - 1.014)	0.0 71	0.727 (0.592 - 0.893)	0.0 03
≥ 60 years	-	0.977 (0.798 - 1.197)	0.8 22	0.872 (0.701 - 1.085)	0.2 17	0.822 (0.655 - 1.032)	0.0 91
Race, n(%)							
Non-Hispanic White	-	0.956 (0.816 - 1.121)	0.5 81	0.837 (0.718 - 0.976)	0.0 24	0.733 (0.611 - 0.880)	0.0 01
Mexican American	-	1.072 (0.853 - 1.347)	0.5 47	0.853 (0.664 - 1.098)	0.2 14	0.614 (0.462 - 0.817)	0.0 01
Other Hispanic	-	1.055 (0.778 - 1.431)	0.7 28	0.999 (0.688 - 1.451)	0.9 95	0.981 (0.680 - 1.415)	0.9 17
Non-Hispanic Black	-	0.816 (0.660 - 1.010)	0.0 62	0.792 (0.645 - 0.973)	0.0 27	0.811 (0.631 - 1.043)	0.1 01
Other Race	-	0.866 (0.572 - 1.312)	0.4 94	0.971 (0.678 - 1.392)	0.8 72	0.703 (0.464 - 1.066)	0.0 96
Education, n(%)							
Less than high school	-	1.025 (0.833 - 1.261)	0.8 16	0.914 (0.726 - 1.151)	0.4 41	0.939 (0.731 - 1.206)	0.6 18
High school	-	0.999 (0.798 - 1.250)	0.9 92	0.925 (0.744 - 1.151)	0.4 81	0.742 (0.556 - 0.991)	0.0 43
Greater than high school	-	0.900 (0.767 - 1.057)	0.1 97	0.801 (0.683 - 0.940)	0.0 07	0.698 (0.583 - 0.836)	< 0.0 01
Marital status, n(%)							
Married/living with	-	0.978	0.7	0.885	0.1	0.754	0.0

partner	(0.848 - 1.129)	62	(0.757 - 1.036)	27	(0.622 - 0.913)	04
Living alone	- (0.749 - 1.080)	0.2 54	0.796 (0.674 - 0.941)	0.0 08	0.729 (0.599 - 0.888)	0.0 02
PIR, n(%)						
≥ 2	- (0.819 - 1.146)	0.7 12	0.877 (0.756 - 1.018)	0.0 83	0.750 (0.626 - 0.899)	0.0 02
< 2	- (0.816 - 1.068)	0.3 13	0.817 (0.684 - 0.976)	0.0 26	0.742 (0.599 - 0.918)	0.0 06
BMI, n(%)						
< 25 kg/m ²	- (0.535 - 0.933)	0.0 15	0.771 (0.589 - 1.008)	0.0 58	0.773 (0.597 - 1.001)	0.0 51
25-30 kg/m ²	- (0.883 - 1.356)	0.4 10	0.913 (0.735 - 1.133)	0.4 04	0.696 (0.554 - 0.875)	0.0 02
≥ 30 kg/m ²	- (0.853 - 1.195)	0.9 10	0.858 (0.699 - 1.053)	0.1 41	0.666 (0.537 - 0.827)	< 0.0 01
Hypertension, n(%)						
Yes	- (0.839 - 1.207)	0.9 48	0.990 (0.818 - 1.197)	0.9 15	0.858 (0.689 - 1.068)	0.1 68
No	- (0.794 - 1.065)	0.2 59	0.789 (0.678 - 0.919)	0.0 03	0.689 (0.582 - 0.816)	< 0.0 01
Diabetes, n(%)						
Yes	- (0.709 - 1.301)	0.7 93	0.910 (0.647 - 1.279)	0.5 83	0.644 (0.434 - 0.955)	0.0 29
No	- (0.837 - 1.075)	0.4 07	0.846 (0.750 - 0.955)	0.0 07	0.752 (0.650 - 0.870)	< 0.0 01
Smoke, n(%)						
No	- (0.768 - 1.048)	0.1 69	0.865 (0.741 - 1.008)	0.0 64	0.702 (0.598 - 0.824)	< 0.0 01
Former	- (0.780 - 1.288)	0.9 86	0.932 (0.738 - 1.178)	0.5 52	0.894 (0.676 - 1.181)	0.4 26

		1.057	0.6	0.688	0.0	0.702	0.0
Current	-	(0.819 - 1.364)	67	(0.530 - 0.892)	05	(0.513 - 0.960)	27
Alcohol, n(%)							
Yes	-	0.917 (0.797 - 1.055)	0.2 25	0.818 (0.713 - 0.939)	0.0 05	0.738 (0.627 - 0.867)	< 0.01
No	-	1.031 (0.862 - 1.233)	0.7 36	0.941 (0.774 - 1.143)	0.5 36	0.769 (0.610 - 0.971)	0.027
Vigorous recreational activities, n(%)							
Yes	-	0.894 (0.682 - 1.171)	0.4 13	0.789 (0.607 - 1.025)	0.0 75	0.711 (0.546 - 0.928)	0.012
No	-	0.961 (0.851 - 1.085)	0.5 18	0.870 (0.765 - 0.989)	0.0 33	0.754 (0.650 - 0.874)	< 0.01
Coronary heart disease, n(%)							
Yes	-	1.670 (0.885 - 3.149)	0.1 11	0.999 (0.506 - 1.971)	0.9 97	2.189 (0.971 - 4.935)	0.059
No	-	0.935 (0.833 - 1.050)	0.2 54	0.845 (0.752 - 0.949)	0.0 05	0.731 (0.635 - 0.841)	< 0.01
Stroke, n(%)							
Yes	-	0.743 (0.416 - 1.327)	0.3 11	0.565 (0.305 - 1.047)	0.0 69	0.926 (0.482 - 1.778)	0.815
No	-	0.957 (0.852 - 1.075)	0.4 52	0.861 (0.763 - 0.972)	0.0 16	0.742 (0.641 - 0.859)	< 0.01
Cancer/malignancy, n(%)							
Yes	-	0.827 (0.572 - 1.195)	0.3 09	0.760 (0.529 - 1.093)	0.1 37	0.734 (0.523 - 1.028)	0.072
No	-	0.963 (0.856 - 1.084)	0.5 32	0.866 (0.767 - 0.977)	0.0 20	0.755 (0.651 - 0.875)	< 0.01

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; PIR: poverty-income ratio; BMI: body mass index; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S5. Sensitivity analysis of association between HDL-C and SUI adjusted for data release cycle.

Variables	OR (95% CI)	P-value
Continuous	0.995 (0.992-0.998)	0.001
Categories		
< 67mg/dL	ref	
≥ 67mg/dL	0.829 (0.748-0.918)	< 0.001
Quartiles		
Q1	ref	
Q2	0.951 (0.848-1.067)	0.388
Q3	0.853 (0.759-0.958)	0.008
Q4	0.750 (0.653-0.861)	< 0.001
<i>P</i> for trend	< 0.001	

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

Model was adjusted for age, race, marital status, PIR, education, BMI, hypertension, diabetes, alcohol use, smoke, vigorous recreational activities, coronary heart disease, stroke, cancer/malignancy, TC, ALT, AST, ALB, SCr, BUN, TBil and data release cycle.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S6. Sensitivity analysis of association between HDL-C and SUI adjusted for blood sampling time.

Variables	OR (95% CI)	P-value
Continuous	0.995 (0.992 - 0.998)	0.001
Binary categories		
< 67mg/dL	ref	
≥ 67mg/dL	0.828 (0.748 - 0.916)	< 0.001
Four categories		
Q1	ref	
Q2	0.950 (0.847 - 1.065)	0.374
Q3	0.852 (0.758 - 0.957)	0.007
Q4	0.748 (0.652 - 0.858)	< 0.001
<i>P</i> for trend	< 0.001	

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

Model was adjusted for age, race, marital status, PIR, education, BMI, hypertension, diabetes, alcohol use, smoke, vigorous recreational activities, coronary heart disease, stroke, cancer/malignancy, TC, ALT, AST, ALB, SCr, BUN, TBil and blood sampling time.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S7 Sensitivity analysis of association between HDL-C and SUI adjusted for LDL-C.

Variables	OR (95% CI)	P-value
Continuous	0.992 (0.986 - 0.997)	0.005
Binary categories		
< 67mg/dL	ref	
≥ 67mg/dL	0.855 (0.718 - 1.017)	0.076
Four categories		
Q1	ref	
Q2	0.976 (0.822 - 1.158)	0.779
Q3	0.818 (0.681 - 0.982)	0.032
Q4	0.727 (0.580 - 0.913)	0.007
<i>P</i> for trend	0.003	

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; LDL-C: low density lipoprotein cholesterol; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

Model was adjusted for age, race, marital status, PIR, education, BMI, hypertension, diabetes, alcohol use, smoke, vigorous recreational activities, coronary heart disease, stroke, cancer/malignancy, TC, ALT, AST, ALB, SCr, BUN, TBil and LDL-C.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S8. Sensitivity analysis of the association between HDL-C and different degrees of SUI.

Variables	Mild SUI		Moderate SUI		Severe SUI	
	OR (95% CI)	P-value	OR (95% CI)	P-value	OR (95% CI)	P-value
Continous	0.994 (0.991 - 0.998)	0.00 1	0.990 (0.985 - 0.995)	< 0.00 1	0.991 (0.984 - 0.999)	0.02 3
Categories						
< 67mg/dL	ref		ref		ref	
≥ 67mg/dL	0.831 (0.741 - 0.931)	0.00 2	0.713 (0.582 - 0.873)	0.00 1	0.626 (0.497 - 0.787)	< 0.00 1
Quartiles						
Q1	ref		ref		ref	
Q2	0.959 (0.842 - 1.093)	0.53 1	0.859 (0.702 - 1.052)	0.14 1	0.969 (0.776 - 1.212)	0.78 4
Q3	0.846 (0.745 - 0.960)	0.01 0	0.723 (0.572 - 0.913)	0.00 7	0.876 (0.683 - 1.124)	0.29 5
Q4	0.750 (0.647 - 0.870)	< 0.001 1	0.598 (0.472 - 0.756)	< 0.001 1	0.588 (0.446 - 0.775)	< 0.001 1
P for trend	< 0.001		< 0.001		< 0.001	

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; OR: odds ratio; CI: confidence intervals.

All model were adjusted for age, race, marital status, PIR, education, BMI, hypertension, diabetes, alcohol use, smoke, vigorous recreational activities, coronary heart disease, stroke, cancer/malignancy, TC, ALT, AST, ALB, SCr, BUN, TBil.

P-value < 0.05 was considered significant.

Table S9. Significant SNPs with genome-wide associations ($P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$) for HDL-C.

SNP	Chromosome	Position	Effect	Other	β	Standard error	Effect size	P-value	Samples	R2	F	Steger direction	Steg P
rs1	8	19	T	C	0	0.02	0.1302	6.	97	0.0	90.	TRU	4.
171		96			.			22	96	091	231	E	38
999		34			1			E-		288	574		E-
90		05	All	All	9	Erro	Freque	14		41	11		19
rs1	15	58	G	A	-	0.02	0.6352	1.	97	0.0	24.	TRU	2.
532		39			0			64	96	025	994	E	83
085		11			.			E-		455	895		E-
		67			1			11		66	88		06
rs1	16	56	T	C	0	0.02	0.2932	3.	97	0.0	143	TRU	1.
831		95			.			22	96	144	.97	E	93
30		74			2			E-		869	060		E-
		51			4			54		22	02		29
rs7	16	57	A	G	-	0.04	0.0278	1.	97	0.0	39.	TRU	3.
591		01			0			65	96	039	054	E	61
153		52			.			E-		717	524		E-
0		25			2			08		59	81		09
		1			5								
rs9	11	11	C	G	0	0.02	0.838	2.	97	0.0	48.	TRU	1.
641		67			.			00	96	049	989	E	48
84		78			1			E-		771	995		E-
		20			4			10		46	92		11
		1											

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SNP: single nucleotide polymorphism.

Table S10. Sensitivity analysis in MR analysis.

Expo sure	Outc ome	Metho d	Cochran's Q statistic (heterogeneity P)	MR Egger intercept(pleiotropy P)	MR PRESSO P
HDL- C	SUI	MR Egger	0.565924841	0.710369767	0.767
		IVW	0.699366476	0.710369767	0.767

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; MR: mendelian randomization; IVW: inverse variance weighting.

Table S11. MR leave-one-out sensitivity analysis for HDL-C on SUI.

Exposure	Outcome	SNP	β	Standard Error	P -value
HDL-C	SUI	rs117199990	-0.153702924	0.068353874	0.024535719
		rs1532085	-0.169656623	0.066781493	0.011070244
		rs183130	-0.162245977	0.095615968	0.08972498
		rs75911530	-0.167799754	0.06594551	0.010942765
		rs964184	-0.201253826	0.066591978	0.002509503
		All	-0.172122207	0.063148074	0.006416682

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; MR: mendelian randomization; SNP: single nucleotide polymorphism.

Table S12. Significant SNPs with genome-wide associations ($P < 1 \times 10^{-6}$) for SUI.

SN P	Chr oso me	Po siti on	Eff ect ele	Ot her ele	β	Sta nda rd Erro r	Effecto r Allele Freque ncy	P -v alue	Sa mple lesi ze	R2	F	Steiger dire ction	Ste iger P
rs1 077	12	11	A	G	-0.1	0.0	0.3619	5.	21	0.0	38.	TRU	0.4
		46			222	196	99362	38	75	001	534	E	242
474		66			448	927		E-	98	770	210		214
1		58			84	09		10		59	68		24
		5											
rs1 468	12	20	C	T	0.3	0.0	0.0184	8.	21	0.0	24.	TRU	0.4
		68			550	720	25883	16	75	001	319	E	078
530		64			698	004		E-	98	117	415		064
96		82			54	55		07		52	51		67
rs1 706	1	79	G	A	0.1	0.0	0.0629	4.	21	0.0	25.	TRU	0.4
		06			984	393	18281	53	75	001	455	E	709
30		70			103	252		E-	98	169	455		305
		2			66	89		07		71	89		09
rs2 866	2	28	G	A	-0.1	0.0	0.7803	5.	21	0.0	29.	TRU	0.5
		20			241	228	75604	29	75	001	606	E	221
236		89			645	191		E-	98	360	956		142
0		20			69	15		08		45	94		92
rs3 858	11	32	T	C	-0.1	0.0	0.1995	2.	21	0.0	26.	TRU	0.2
		49			223	237	13593	50	75	001	598	E	844
460		24			507	234		E-	98	222	233		985
		47			35	69		07		22	66		67
rs4 662	2	14	T	G	-0.1	0.0	0.7327	3.	21	0.0	30.	TRU	0.2
		42			200	218	66566	70	75	001	298	E	533
336		66			886	165		E-	98	392	848		316
		44			71	96		08		24	44		25
		8											
rs7 523	12	24	T	C	0.2	0.0	0.0512	3.	21	0.0	25.	FAL	0.8
		55			188	429	0911	54	75	001	930	SE	681
960		21			161	707		E-	98	191	339		995
9		89			99	93		07		53	8		94
rs7 874	17	44	T	C	-0.2	0.0	0.0713	1.	21	0.0	27.	TRU	0.5
		20			210	423	6733	73	75	001	308	E	515
617		46			890	073		E-	98	254	521		919
9		06			57	83		07		85			59

SUI: stress urinary incontinence; SNP: single nucleotide polymorphism.

Table S13. Causality and sensitivity analysis of SUI and HDL-C in reverse two-sample MR analysis.

Exp osur e	Out com e	S N P	Methods	β	Standard Error	P -value	OR
SUI	HDL	7	MR Egger	-0.072		0.708	
	-C			84397	0.183987042	49471	0.9297
				7		9	45881
			Weighted median	0.0005		0.994	
				34605	0.074930292	30738	1.0005
						5	34748
			IVW	0.0152		0.800	
				53208	0.060401196	63022	1.0153
						2	70132
			Simple mode	0.0141		0.898	
				08397	0.10623186	68763	1.0142
						7	0839
			Weighted mode	0.0086		0.934	
				16366	0.100860204	69984	1.0086
							53594
			Cochran's Q statistic (heterogeneity P)		MR Egger intercept(pleiotr opy P)		MR PRESS O P
				0.988884214	0.633770937		0.986

HDL-C: high density lipoprotein cholesterol; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; MR: mendelian randomization; IVW: inverse variance weighting; SNP: single nucleotide polymorphism.