

Table S1 The baseline characteristics of confounders before and after adjustment with propensity score matching

Variables	All	Men	Women	P value
	N=377	n=251	n=126	
<b>Before adjustment with propensity score matching</b>				
≥75 years, n (%)	225(59.7)	138(55.0)	87 (69.1)	< 0.0001
Hypertension, n (%)	303(80.4)	198(78.9)	105(83.3)	0.036
Diabetes mellitus, n (%)	103(27.3)	66(26.3)	37(29.4)	< 0.0001
CHD, n (%)	184(48.8)	137(54.6)	47(37.3)	< 0.0001
Chronic heart failure, n (%)	56(14.9)	44(17.5)	15 (11.9)	0.001
Impaired renal function, n (%)	172(45.6)	104(41.4)	68(54.0)	0.044
AF, paroxysmal / persistent, n (%)	128(34.0)	75(29.9)	53(42.1)	0.013
AF, permanent, n (%)	249(66.1)	176(70.1)	73(57.9)	0.013
<b>After adjustment with propensity score matching</b>				
Age, ≥75 years, n (%)	225 (59.7)	150 (59.8)	75 (59.3)	0.923
Hypertension, n (%)	299 (79.3)	201 (80.1)	98 (77.6)	0.568
Diabetes mellitus, n (%)	98 (26.0)	67 (26.8)	31 (24.5)	0.640
CHD, n (%)	183 (48.5)	122 (48.7)	61 (48.1)	0.920
Chronic heart failure, n (%)	61 (16.3)	41 (16.4)	20 (16.1)	0.946
Impaired renal function, n (%)	171(45.4)	116(46.2)	55(43.7)	0.687
AF, paroxysmal / persistent, n (%)	126(33.4)	85(33.9)	41(32.5)	0.975
AF, permanent, n (%)	245(65.0)	163(64.9)	82(65.1)	0.943

Categorical variables are expressed as frequencies (n) and percentages (%).  
CHD = coronary heart disease; AF = atrial fibrillation.